

Best Practices - 1

1. Title of the Practice

Eradication of Illiteracy

2. Objectives of the Practice

Aim of the programme:

- Empower learners with functional literacy and life skills.
- Reduce illiteracy rates.
- Foster community capacity building and development.
- Promote cultural preservation and development.

3. The Context

Illiteracy is poisonous for the development of any country. It can result in other bigger issues like unemployment, population burst, poverty, etc. It is one of the main issues India has had to deal with since independence. Efforts made by NGOs and the government have resulted in a slight drop in the illiteracy rate in India. But although we're making some progress, it's not enough. There are still so many things we can do to help eradicate illiteracy in our country. But the bigger picture remains that a high illiteracy rate holds a nation back from making progress. It is affecting all of us in ways that we can't even imagine. We all need to come together to help underprivileged children get better education because they are our country's future. With so many factors playing a role in India's illiteracy issue, there is no single solution that can bring about immediate change. But there are some small steps that can pave the way for higher literacy rates. Here's where we need to put more effort into raising awareness about the importance of education. We can do this by delivering speeches during public events and gatherings. Instead of simply stating the importance of education, we need to show them the value of education. We can help them learn how having educated children could benefit their families in terms of both financial and societal status. Basic ways to eradicate illiteracy from our nation.

1. Inclusive Education. ...
2. Increased investment in government schools. ...
3. Vocational Training. ...

4. Teacher training. ...
5. Changing social norms.

This is the ways to solve the problems but our institution has taken initiative for eradicating illiteracy.

4. The Practice

Illiteracy is the main issues of India. Efforts made by Government and NGOs have resulted in a slight drop in the illiteracy rate in India. But although we're making some progress, it's not enough. There are still so many things we can do to help eradicate illiteracy in our country. Lacking basic reading and writing skills is a tremendous disadvantage. Literacy not only enriches an individual's life, but it creates opportunities for people to develop skills that will help them provide for themselves and their family. Literacy is a process by which one expands one's knowledge of reading and writing in order to develop one's thinking and learning for the purpose of understanding oneself and the world. This process is fundamental to achieving competence in every educational subject. So, we started this programme and instructed our students to identify at least five illiterate people from their neighborhood who had dropped out of the school. Our students educate that illiterate people for basic skills such as reading, writing and arithmetic.

Basically, they learn to write their names, signature, identifying alphabets, filling challan in banking, create savings account from post office and also learn life coping skills. They were urged to lend a helping hand as much as they could to alleviate the stagnation in the society in their spare time.

5. Evidence of Success

Through this programme they are can write their names. They have confidence to raise questions in the society where ever imbalance or inequality. They are going bank without anybody help to deposit or withdrawal of money. They can able to use arithmetic skills in their day-to-day life.

6. Problems Encountered and Resources Required

The government alone cannot solve the vast problem of illiteracy in the country. It is not possible to achieve the objective of total eradication of illiteracy entirely through governmental efforts. The government can undoubtedly take cognizance of the situation, can identify the agencies, institutions and individuals can act as a catalytic agent to provide human material and financial resources, but the government cannot promote literacy all by itself. The efforts of the government—both central and state—therefore, will have to be supplemented and strengthened by voluntary organizations and individuals who have a positive perception and commitment. The government alone cannot solve the vast problem of illiteracy in the country. It is not possible to achieve the objective of total eradication of illiteracy entirely through governmental efforts. The government can undoubtedly take cognizance of the situation, can identify the agencies, institutions and individuals can act as a catalytic agent to provide human material and financial resources, but the government cannot promote literacy all by itself. Creating awareness about the importance of education can help people understand why they need to go to school. Non-governmental organizations, government agencies, and other concerned parties should put in place deliberate measures to create awareness in the society and reduce the number of people who are unable to read and write. Illiteracy is one of the biggest challenges in front of our country. Numerous ways are there to overcome this very issue. As social media has access to the largest population worldwide. Besides helping the students, teachers and other professionals it is also benefitting the illiterates.

Best Practices - 2

1. Title of the Practice

Plastic free environment

2. Objectives of the Practice

To create awareness among the people on the hazards of single use of plastic and to motivate them towards the use paper or fabric (Cotton or Jute) bags.

3. The Context

Now-a-days the plastic is everywhere. People are using it endlessly just for their comfort. However, no one realizes how it is harming our planet. We need to become aware of the consequences so that we can stop plastic pollution. Every piece of plastic that's ever been created still exists in our world. Plastic pollution poses a significant threat to our environment. Single-use plastic is manufactured to last forever, yet is often used for only a few minutes, before being thrown away. The growing rate of plastic production raises problems in many areas of our society. It's contributing to waste and pollution issues, it's impacting our health, and it's threatening our oceans and wildlife. When we hear plastic pollution facts, it can be easy to feel hopeless about our situation. But the Plastic Free Foundation has shown that small changes, by millions of people, all add up and can make a large impact. Plastic Free environment is designed to help people refuse single-use plastic and improve plastic recycling practices. We can each make a world of difference by doing things such as using reusable cups, water bottles and plastic bags, and choosing to refuse plastic-wrapped items. At a larger scale, we can also influence our communities to embrace long-lasting solutions and influence business and governments to take action.

4. The Practice

Protecting the environment is the chief duty of each and every one of us. Students at our institution were provided with plastic eradicating instructions. It was advised to separate compostable garbage and non-compostable garbage while cleaning the college campus. Lectures on the harms of plastics were given by the ECO club. Drawing competition was organized for the students of having theme "Beat Plastic Pollution".

5. Evidence of Success

This program created awareness among the students about the harmful effects of the single use of plastics. In our institution we organized the drawing competition was for the students of having theme "Beat Plastic Pollution". 75 students participated in the drawing competition and presented their innovative ideas on the remedies on Plastic Pollution through their drawings. The best three drawings were awarded and remaining were given consolation prize as a result they will be motivated towards the use of paper or fabric (Cotton or Jute) bags. This will result in seize the plastic pollution from the adjoining areas of the students.

6. Problems Encountered and Resources Required

As the environmental consequences of plastic become increasingly apparent, regulation and consumer have started to change. solutions cannot be assessed in isolation and must be considered in the context of the whole plastics value chain. Collaboration across the value chain is required in order to develop impactful solutions. Although efforts are being made to eradicate plastics, some companies will not be able to eradicate plastics unless they voluntarily take part in their disposal. Students are also failing to use it properly in the mechanisms that are actively working to eliminate plastic on college campuses.